

S5 - Humidity transfer

TAPA

S5

U6 - Building physics and sustainability

	ectives:	Trainer:
•	humidity transfer (capillary, convective, liquid) and methods to prevent problems caused by excess humidity;	
•	influence of wind- and air tightness on humidity transfer;	Place:
•	the influence of physical characteristics and their succession of materials (Lambda, Rho, Mü, w, w24);	lecture workshop
•	the conditions for mould growth (temperature, moisture, time of exposition);	Duration: 3-4 hours
•	humidity input by driving rain/ driving snow on surfaces (w1, w24)	Equipment: laptops beamer
•	flooding inside (leakages) or outside (surface water on slopes at excessive rainfalls or rivers and lakes overflowing)	flip-chart prepared examples
•	input of humidity by building materials as green wood, pavements, plasters, concrete basement,	
•	input of water by plaster/ rendering or pavements and walls per m ² which has to be dried out during building process	
•	W1, W24 as to bad storage conditions straw might drop into water on ground (better sort that bales out)	
Theory	Lecture, charts, presentations	
5		Documents: Info sheet I1 humidity transfer
2	Took	
	 Task explain protection measures of building site with straw from storage to rising walls until rendering is finished 	Info sheet I1 humidity transfer
	 explain protection measures of building site with straw from storage to rising walls until rendering is finished and dried 	Info sheet I1 humidity transfer
rv Practice	 explain protection measures of building site with straw from storage to rising walls until rendering is finished and dried 	Info sheet I1 humidity transfer Text sheet

